



History-Based Arguments about the COVID-19 Pandemic in Flemish Media

Raw data 1/1/2020-13/3/2020

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Date of publication: 27 March 2020

1) Aims, scope and methodology

The data included in this file offer a preliminary view on how Flemish media uses history to analyse the on-going COVID-19 crisis. The goal is to provide basic information on which types of historical examples were prevalent before and at the beginning of the gradual outbreak of a new infectious disease in Flanders. The data in this file form only a part of a larger monitoring effort of the Flemish media. The analysis based on this larger process is currently in preparation, with the full results expected after the end of the crisis period – which is undetermined at this point.

Three Flemish media outlets are looked at:

- VRT NWS (<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/>) is the main information channel of the Flemish national broadcasting company. It is government-owned and -funded, but has an independent news redaction. VRT NWS is the main provider of televised news in Belgium, with only one private company offering a comparable TV-news service. The VRT NWS website offers rolling cover of events, but also aims to provide more in depth-analyses of these events, as well as background information. In addition to its coverage of contemporary events, it also places a lot of stress on historical remembrance, with entire sections of its homepage dedicated to, for example, World War I and II.
- De Standaard (<https://www.standaard.be/>) is one of two publications that are considered 'high-end' newspapers in Flanders. The journal stems from a Catholic background, although this affiliation has lost most of its importance. It considers itself a centrist publication, tending to a broad but somewhat more conservative audience. It has both an online and a paper presence in Flanders. De Standaard is privately owned by a larger Flemish media concern, Mediahuis.
- De Morgen (<https://www.demorgen.be/>) is considered the centre-left counterpart to De Standaard. The newspaper is historically situated in a socialist background and maintains a 'progressive' editorial position. Its audience is generally younger and more left-leaning than that of De Standaard, but it is also smaller. Like its counterpart, it has both an online and a paper presence, and is owned by a (different) privately owned media concern, DPG Media.

Only the online publications of these outlets were monitored. The only search query was 'virus'; no specific historical search queries were applied (e.g. 'Spanish Flu' or 'Plague'). The results of this query were subsequently checked for historical references, after which specific historical cases were identified.

Articles about, for example, PC viruses or the seasonal flu also appeared in the search results. Such results were not filtered out of the overall dataset, as the numbers of non-Corona related articles were small enough to not distort the overall picture. Similarly, 'rolling cover', 'live updates', satirical pieces and cultural advice pieces are included in the total numbers, as are query results that only linked to audio- or video-files. However, given their different nature from journalistic articles or written op-eds, their content was not checked for historical references.

The historical references included are indeed historical – defined as 'something from the past', including the very recent past. Purely medical references to viruses were left out. So if an article mentioned that the Corona-virus is similar to the SARS or MERS viruses, this did not qualify as a historical reference because of the lack of temporal connotation. However, if that article mentioned that the Corona-virus is similar to earlier epidemics of the SARS or MERS virus, this did qualify.

The monitored period was 1 January 2020 – 13 March 2020. During this period 1258 articles contained the keyword 'virus'. VRT NWS produced 540 results (42,92%); De Standaard 508 (40,38%); De Morgen 210 (16,69%). Of these results, 294 articles (23,37%) contained historical references.

2) Data VRT NWS

17/01: mention that new virus belongs to same family as SARS 'which is considered one of the most dangerous epidemics of our time'. Provides brief data on that outbreak (<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/17/china-tweede-dode-deur-mysterieuze-longziekte/>)

18/01: idem <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/18/waakzaamheid-voor-chinees-longvirus/>

17/01: comparison to SARS with equal mention of death toll, but with explicit statement that 'this time things won't be so bad'. Compares background of SARS and MERS with that of the new virus, especially link with animals. Explicit

statement that symptoms are not as bad as that of MERS or SARS <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/17/onbekende-chinese-longziekte-vragen-en-antwoorden/>

20/01: reference to authority of researcher involved with SARS and larger comparison with SARS and MERS. Quotes from a researcher in Belgium 'It seems that this virus is less bad than SARS or MERS. There are fewer victims and it is suspected that it is much less transmittable from person to person.' Researcher also stressed that the world is much better prepared than 20 years ago "we should not worry. This is closely monitored and there is a lot of knowledge about how to contain this. With SARS it took two months before there was a diagnostical test. This time the virus has only been known for a month and there is already such a test for hospitals near an airport'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/20/mysterieuze-longziekte-eist-derde-dode-in-china/>

21/01: comparison with SARS, mentioned that WHO wants to avoid a repeat of what happened back then. Numbers about total deaths for SARS. Also mentioned that Chinese authorities stated they would be more open in their communication than when SARS happened. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/21/zes-doden-en-bijna-300-besmette-mensen-door-nieuw-longvirus-wer/>

23/01: article about mass buys of mouth covers in China opens with statement that 'mouth masks were first used in late 18th-century hospitals. The wider public discovered them during the outbreak of Spanish Flu in 1919, which killed more than 50 million people around the world'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/23/helpen-mondmaskertjes-tegen-het-verspreiden-van-ziektes/>

23/01: Universities call back students, as they did with SARS. Quotes from expert researcher who states that we should not worry, but does point out similarities with SARS: 'at this time it seems to be less pronounced, but we thought something similar at the beginning of the SARS-episode. There is, in my view, a real chance that this evolves into a SARS-like condition.' Article ends with mention that, as with SARS, especially older people are vulnerable. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/23/corona-ku-leuven-erasmus/>

24/01: researcher who states 'the virus is much less serious than SARS' at beginning of article. 'It is clear that the new virus is much less aggressive compared to SARS. We also see that the virus does not attack organs, as SARS did. We have to be careful, because things might change, but at this time it clearly is less severe". Article mentions spread and death toll of SARS. Expert mentions about the lockdown of cities "it is the first time this type of measures is being taken. It has never been tried, so we will have to wait and see". <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/24/professor-herman-goossens-over-het-coronavirus/>

24/01: makes comparison with SARS (and MERS), while stressing that it is much less severe. 'just like China, governments in Europe and Belgium have learned from the mistakes of the SARS-epidemic of 2002. The chance of a large outbreak in Europe is rather small'. "In 2002 China was severely criticized when the seriousness of the SARS-outbreak was covered up. According to journalist x the response is now quicker and more effective". <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/24/live-omstreeks-11-uur-alles-wat-u-moet-weten-over-het-uiteerst-b/>

25/01: better Chinese response than in 2003, and virus less deadly than SARS <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/25/dagboek-uit-wuhan/>

25/01: mentions SARS and MERS as examples of earlier deadly viruses <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/25/coronavirus/>

26/01: reference to SARS in regard to animal origin of virus <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/26/het-blijft-onduidelijk-welk-wild-dier-het-nieuwe-coronavirus-ver/>

28/01: article about economic consequences of virus. In title 'deja-vu' feeling of entrepreneurs is mentioned explicitly: is deja-vu to the SARS outbreak. Banker mentioned "stock markets in America and Europe lost 10% between January and March". He points out that hit for growing economies was much harder back then, between 10 and 15%, and that Chinese growth slowed down significantly. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/28/coronavirus-ook-schadelijk-voor-economie/>

29/01: first mention that amount of infections is now 'already' higher than with SARS. SARS death numbers are mentioned. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/29/australische-wetenschappers-kweken-virus-in-laboratorium-europe/>

29/01: article immediately mentions that the virus will probably 'take a serious chunk' out of the economic activity in China, as happened during the SARS-episode. Refers to anonymous analysts who expect similar economic consequences as with SARS for China, adding that it could be worse because the service sector and consumption are

today much more important for china. These analysts also pointed out that SARS happened at an economic top for China, whereas now there are already other problems, such as a slowdown in growth, protests in Hong Kong, and the trade war. The article also points out that following SARS and 2008 china put large amounts of cash into its economy, making these measures now less effective. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/29/de-kost-van-het-coronavirus-welke-internationale-bedrijven-neme/>

30/01: mentions that SARS was more deadly, while the new virus seems to spread more easily. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/30/who-over-coronavirus/>

31/01: general background, includes comparison with (animal origins) of MERS and SARS. Also mentions that it is not as bad as SARS in terms of symptoms and might be less contagious, although this not certain. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/01/31/coronavirus-q-a/>

03/02: quote from expert-researcher: “years ago the SARS-virus was successfully contained through quarantine measures, and this corona-virus belongs to the same family”. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/03/dag-1-in-corona-quarantaine-iedereen-is-heel-kalm-en-blij-om-g/>

07/02: mentions that Singapore declared an emergency situation comparable to that of SARS. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/07/40-nieuwe-besmettingen-op-cruiseschip-japan/>

08/02: first mention that death toll approaches that of SARS <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/08/vijf-nieuwe-gevallen-van-coronavirus-in-frankrijk-nu-al-elf-in/>

08/02: first mention that death toll in China surpasses that of SARS <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/08/wereldgezondheidsorganisatie-who-aantal-besmettingen-met-corona/>

09/02: entire article dedicated to fact that virus is now deadlier than SARS. Discusses origins and development of the SARS epidemic. Refers to MERS-outbreak as even more dangerous. Article also has first mention of Spanish Flu, the Plague, and Hong Kong Flu of 1968. Amount of deaths are centered. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/09/coronavirus-nu-officieel-dodelijker-dan-sars-uitbraak/>

12/02: about situation, ends with statement that also during SARS the Chinese government was criticized for withholding a lot of information <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/12/who-toparts-mike-ryan-het-is-te-vroeg-om-te-spreken-over-begin/>

13/02: virus mentioned in article that deals with fact that Belgian Bel20 index reached its highest peak in 12 years. Banker mentions that we haven't seen a correction in 10 years – it should come at some point. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/13/bel-20-op-het-hoogste-peil-in-12-jaar-beleggers-lijken-optimis/>

13/02: article about potential impact of Virus in Africa. Locally based researcher (in other field) mentions that lessons have been learned from 2014 Ebola outbreak. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/13/is-afrika-klaar-voor-het-nieuwe-coronavirus/>

14/02: economic impact in Belgian harbors: grew for 7 years, but now downturn due to Virus in China. Port of Antwerp spokesperson states that impact is much larger than with SARS in 2002, because Chinese economy is 4 times larger and much more connected to the world. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/14/havens-van-antwerpen-en-zeebrugge-verwachten-enorme-impact-van-c/>

14/02: article that discusses Spanish Flu <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/14/precies-100-jaar-geleden-verdween-de-vernietigende-spaanse-griep/>

19/02: article that discusses international situation. Mentions Japanese expert researcher who said to ‘be more concerned about the situation on the ship than when he worked in Congo against the Ebola virus’. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/19/japan-begint-evacuatie-van-cruiseschip-onrust-over-aanpak-coron/>

19/02: discusses row between China and US about media accreditations. Op-ed by US prof international relations in the WSJ calling China the ‘real sick man of Asia’. Columnist in Chinese newspaper shot back by stating that the epidemic ‘uncovers the colonial mentality of the West’. Article clarifies that sick man of Asia was a 19th century historic reference to China. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/19/china-legt-wall-street-journal-verbod-op/>

21/02: article about bad reception of travelers repatriated from China in Ukraine. Mention at the very end that one person suggested that they should be housed in the 1986 Chernobyl quarantine zone.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/21/terugkeer-oekrainers-uit-wuhan-leidt-tot-rellen/>

23/02: General article, mentions that Xi Jinping called it the worst health crisis in China since 1949 (when the republic was founded). Also mentioned that Xi made a comparison with SARS, stating that the new virus is much more difficult to prevent and control. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/23/aantal-coronabesmettingen-blijft-stijgen-in-zuid-korea-alarmniv/>

24/02: article about definition of pandemics. States at very end that last time WHO declared a pandemic was in 2009 with H1N1. A researcher is cited who states that the consequences of this virus 'were relatively mild'.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/24/is-het-nieuwe-coronavirus-eeen-pandemie-en-wat-betekent-dat/>

24/02: article discusses that virus caused heaviest losses on European stock markets since the Brexit referendum in 2016.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/24/coronavirus-infecteert-nu-ook-de-europese-beurzen/>

25/02: discusses quarantine measures in hotel in Tenerife. Compares this situation to the eruption of an Icelandic volcano a few years earlier. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/25/help-ik-zit-in-guarantaine-in-tenerife-hoe-zit-dat-met-mijn-jo/>

26/02: about economic consequences. Repeats exact statements as article from 14/02 about ports in Belgium

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/26/corona-economische-gevolgen/>

26/02: about impact on airline industry: mentions that some sources speak "of the largest crisis in the international airline industry in decades". Also mentions that the industry would, for the first time since the financial crisis, not grow this year.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/26/luchtvaartsector-vreest-voor-grootste-financiele-crisis-in-jaren/>

27/02: person from Voka states 'the last time we had a similar crisis, was during the oil crisis of the 70's. So we should remain vigilant'.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/27/limburgse-werkgevers-willen-eeen-betere-communicatie-over-coronav/>

27/02: article again mentions worst day result on Belgian stock index Bel 20 since Brexit referendum (reached a few days earlier)

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/27/coronavirus-duwt-bel-20-opnieuw-flink-in-het-rood/>

27/02: article about the plague: <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/27/hoe-ook-de-pest-via-italie-europa-binnendrong/>

27/02: article about fact that wall street is heading for its worst week since the financial crisis of 2008. Dow Jones reached this day largest loss in points ever.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/27/wall-street-in-vrije-val-door-coronavirus/>

27/02: larger article mentions that Iranian vice-president has virus – states that he is known because of her role as spokesperson for the hostage takers in the 1980 hostage crisis

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/27/coronavirus-saudi-arabie-bant-pelgrims-naar-mekka-zuid-korea-s/>

28/02: article about economic impact asks about comparison with the 2008 crisis. Banker states that this is not entirely comparable. Article explains origins of 2008 crisis. Banker states that 2008 was 'a systemic crisis, now it is a consumption problem. It is not a financial problem as 11 years ago. Therefore, central banks can't do much'.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/28/coronavirus-treft-economie-en-beurzen-hard-2020-is-eeen-verlore/>

28/02: again article that frames economic impact with the message that the western stock markets had their worst week since the financial crisis of 2008.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/28/slechtste-beursweek-sinds-financiele-crisis-van-2008-bel20-verl/>

28/02: op-ed by economics researcher: uses example of the global supply change problems the Boeing Dreamliner experienced 10 years to illustrate the wider issue with these chains.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/28/coronavirus-legt-de-zwakheden-bloot-van-de-wereldwijde-verstreng/>

29/02: article about quarantine Tenerife briefly explains that the virus belongs to the same family as the 2002 SARS-virus

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/29/corona-tenerife-toeristen/>

29/02: general article mentions that the Chinese economy is performing 'a lot worse than during the crisis years 2008-2009'. Also briefly explains that the virus belongs to the same family as the 2002 SARS-virus.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/29/wereldgezondheidsorganisatie-landen-die-denken-gevrijwaard-te/>

! following these two articles, 7 more in March have the same brief standard reference to SARS.

01/03: article with practical questions, cites expert researcher that the virus could be gone when the weather gets warmer 'in 2003 SARS also appeared around this time of year and by June that virus was gone'.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/01/vragen-aan-marc-van-ranst/>

03/03: general article opens by citing WHO official who said 'we are on unknown terrain. We have never seen a disease that can be transmitted so easily between individuals'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/03/coronavirus-wereldwijd-3-maart/>

05/03: article about consequences for Belgian airline states that worldwide aviation figures will go down for the first time in 10 years <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/05/brussels-airlines-vermindert-zijn-vluchtaanbod-in-europa-met-een/>

06/03: article about company that developed own mouth protection in 10 days. Is mentioned that the company already exists since 1984 and normally produces hair nets, but now shifted to mouth masks as well.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/06/bedrijf-in-kruibeke-ontwikkelt-eigen-mondkapjes-overal-raken-d/>

06/03: announcement of economic measures in Belgium such as were taken during terror attacks or the financial crisis.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/06/maatregelen-corona/>

08/03: quotes by expert researcher on Italian quarantine measures: 'You can do very little against such a corona virus. Quarantines are a proven measure to contain infectious diseases, already since the Middle Ages. The quarantine in China was an important precedent'.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/08/viroloog-marc-van-ranst-in-de-zevende-dag/>

09/03: article about economic problems in Italy: economy struggled for decades and is now as large as 15 years ago. Italy never emerged from the 2008 crisis, is smaller than in 2007. 'experience of 2008 learned that if the banks start to crumble, the government gets into further trouble and the rent on state bonds can raise very rapidly'. A scenario like Greece during the crisis is currently not an option. Merkel's position is also not the same as during 2008: she is on her way to the exit and already had trouble then to convince her voters of the necessary European solidarity.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/05/wat-is-de-impact-van-het-coronavirus-op-de-italiaanse-economie/>

09/03: op-ed by economist: Starts by stating that some analysts tried to prove parallels with 2008 or the 1970's oil crisis. But adds that economists actually do not have good models to predict situations like this. Adds: 'at least in this regard there is one parallel to be drawn with the crisis of 2008: few economists saw that one coming, but lots of them did provide useful policy advice to tackle the crisis, in particular the need to provide far-reaching budgetary and monetary stimuli to prevent a total economic catastrophe'. It was because of doom prophets that these measures were eventually not taken. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/04/wat-het-economische-beleid-kan-doen-tegen-corona/>

09/03: about impact on stock markets: second worst day ever for Bel 20, Paris worst result since 2008, Frankfurt worst since 2001 'specialists speak of one of the most important stock market corrections since the second world-war'. Wall street stopped trading, first time since 2008. Oil lost the most in price since the 1991 Gulf War.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/09/kelderende-olieprijs-zorgt-voor-paniek-op-internationale-markten/>

10/03: general article opens with 'the new coronavirus is one of the largest epidemics of this century. Different from SARS or MERS, people in Flanders have also gotten infected with this virus'. Then offers overview of five other recent epidemics <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/02/05/check-coronavirus/>

10/03: banker asked to comment on the Coronacrash. Article states 'X knows quite a bit about this, because it is his 8th or 9th 'stock market crash' in his career'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/10/beurzen/>

11/03: about quest for a vaccine, we should be optimistic according to Janssen Pharmaceuticals 'on the basis of experiences of the past. SARS is also a Coronavirus, a little brother to the new Coronavirus [...]. We were successful in developing a SARS-vaccine, so it should also be possible for the new coronavirus'. uses 2014 work on Ebola as an example of how the company keeps working on vaccines even after the media storm dies out.

<https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/11/janssen-werkt-aan-vaccin-tegen-corona/>

11/03 national disaster plan: mentioned that this can be done during disasters such as train crashes, but also during economic emergencies such as the 2008 crisis. Professor in Law mentions that last time was in 2009 during the H1N1 outbreak. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/11/federaal-rampenplan/>

12/03: about flight ban: journalist cites 'observers' who call this 'one of the most radical flight bans in the history of aviation'. 'it is worse than 9/11/. Back then there was a flight ban of a week'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/12/trump-pakt-uit-met-eeen-van-de-meest-radicale-vliegverboden-uit/>

12/03: article about fake news and corona states for one example 'because a disease can have a variable trajectory and because what happened in the past is not always a good predictor for the future, it is difficult to assess the accuracy of his claims'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/12/misleidendeinfoopsocialemedia/>

12/03: about stock markets: bel 20 has biggest loss ever, a 'historic' loss. Nikkei lowest level since 2017, Sydney since 2008. Dow Jones since 1987. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/12/trumps-inreisverbod-geeft-ook-financiele-markten-eeen-dreun-azia/>

13/03: about festival in Ghent: president mentions that for the first time in 500 years the festival will not take place. Even during the World Wars it was organized. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/13/halfvastenfoor-in-gent-start-met-afbraak-dit-is-eeen-zwarte-dag/>

13/03: general article with advice from expert researcher: 'its perhaps not bad to put these centuries-old customs to the side' about advice to stop kissing and shaking hands. Same article also makes brief reference to the Mexican Flu, which put numerous pregnant women in hospitals. Repeats point about SARS and warmer weather from article on 01/03. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/01/vragen-aan-marc-van-ranst/>

13/03: at the request of elderly people, the VRT announced that it would program 'iconic, nostalgic tv-series in the afternoon'. In order to accommodate distance-teaching, the VRT also stressed the availability of its 'Archive for Education'. <https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2020/03/13/vrt-brengt-extra-programma-aanbod-voor-onderwijs-en-ouderen-door/>

3) De Standaard

07/01: article opens with the remark 'The SARS-epidemic in 2002 started with such a scenario'. 'China + market + pneumonia: for virologists that combination means red alert since 2002'. Discusses origins of SARS at animal market in China, quick spread via air traffic to Singapore, Vietnam and even Canada. Required 800 deaths, many months, regulations on air traffic and strict quarantine to get rid of it. Animal origins of SARS discussed. 'whether we again face such a disaster scenario, nobody knows'. Further on discusses response from China, citing expert researcher who mentions that China scores good points, because with SARS China was criticized for sharing information with the world too late, so it could spread to Hong-Kong and from there to 37 other countries. The expert says that china did not want to communicate about it, until it was forced to do so because it couldn't cope with the outbreak alone. The experts says that this time things are different, because China does have the infrastructure to cope with the outbreak, so it won't need to communicate in full with the world. The expert mentions that China has not yet reported human-to-human transmission, reducing the chance of a SARS-like outbreak. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200106_04794420

11/01: article copies information from article above: opens with the remark 'The SARS-epidemic in 2002 started with such a scenario'. 'China + market + pneumonia: for virologists that combination means red alert since 2002'. Discusses origins of SARS at animal market in China, quick spread via air traffic to Singapore, Vietnam and even Canada. Required 800 deaths, many months, regulations on air traffic and strict quarantine to get rid of it. Animal origins of SARS discussed. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200111_04801602

16/01: article discusses unclear origins of virus. Ends by mentioning that there are no indications at the WHO of human-to-human transmission, which was the case with SARS. Mentions that SARS also originated on an animal market and briefly discusses animal origins of SARS and death rate. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200115_04807320

20/01: follow-up article: ends with brief mention that SARS killed 650 people in China and Hong-Kong in 2002-2003. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200120_04813064

20/01: follow-up article: ends with brief mention that SARS killed 650 people in China and Hong-Kong in 2002-2003. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200120_04813792

21/01: article mentions that with MERS-epidemic at the beginning of the years 2000, the Chinese were not transparent enough. Two expert researchers state that China so far cannot be charged with such misconduct this time. Briefly mentions spread and casualties of SARS. Expert researchers states that new virus appears to be less contagious than SARS. One expert states that screenings for fever at airports caught very few cases during SARS, so that it is mainly good for keeping emotions of population in check. Ends by mentioning animal origins of virus and SARS.

https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200120_04814532

22/01: economic article with title 'For the Stock Markets, Corona is not yet SARS'. Opens with death toll of SARS and that it led to severe stock market corrections and a recession in Hong-Kong. Banker mentions 'since the SARS-epidemic have countries like china learned a lot about how to contain contagious diseases. The avian flu in 2013 for example had much less severe consequences. Probably the disease won't escalate, although you never know'. Other banker: 'The corona virus is of course no Ebola-virus and it looks like the situation will be less worse than during SARS.'. Last banker compared it to the large flu in Germany last winter, which had an impact on GDP growth. Banker also mentions that during Fukushima in 2011 blocked a car-part factory, impeding car production in Europe. Since then companies take a closer look at their production chains, limiting the effect of what happens in one region.

https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200121_04815620

22/01: expert researcher mentions: 'I have never seen such a fast reaction and cooperation as in the case of the outbreak of the corona virus'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200122_04816509

23/01: in-depth article opens with statement 'seventeen years ago China hid the expanding SARS virus. But today the country does communicate openly about the new corona virus'. Further on mentions that last time china was faced with an unknown virus was in 2003, when a small group of officials hid the disease for inspectors of the WHO, because they feared it would affect china's growth and autonomy. Article mentions next 'the heavy critique back then has shaped the expectations today'. International media wonders whether china has learned anything, but much has changed in those seventeen years. Article states that context in 2003 was radically different: economy was 12 times smaller and was not national crisis plan for contagious diseases. SARS also emerged during a slow process of power transition to Hu Jintao. China invested heavily in emergency medicine after SARS. Chinese professor is cited who states that 'SARS inaugurated a revolution in transparency'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200122_04817288

24/01: article with overview of diseases opens by comparing death rates: 10% for SARS epidemic, 34% for MERS, Spanish Flu 10-20% Questions measure to close off entire cities. Expert researcher mentions that such a measure is never been tried at this scale, so its effectiveness remains in doubt. Expert mentions that during Ebola quarantine was rarely perfect and hard to invoke for longer periods. Expert mentions stigma on names, case of Swine flu of 2009 in particular. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200124_04820053

24/01: WHO-spokesperson is cited 'placing 11 million people in lockdown has never been seen in history and thus certainly not something the WHO recommended'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200123_04818889

25/01: article with overview of diseases opens by comparing death rates: 10% for SARS epidemic, 34% for MERS, Spanish Flu 10-20%. Expert researcher mentions that such a measure is never been tried at this scale, so its effectiveness remains in doubt. Expert mentions that during Ebola quarantine was rarely perfect and hard to invoke for longer periods. Expert mentions stigma on names, case of Swine flu of 2009 in particular https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200124_04820475 (copy of article 24/01.)

25/01: op-ed by journalist states that China seems to want to avoid the critique of 1,5 decade ago, when it responded to slow to the SARS-epidemic. He also states that never before a zone with 40 million people was placed in lockdown, equally it is never been seen that Chinese New year was limited so drastically. He also states that it is the first time that globally there is such an early and large effort to tackle a virus. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200124_04820441

25/01: about first Belgian cases: mentioned that since SARS one hospital specializes in these cases.

https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200125_04821288

26/01: article mentions incubation difference with SARS of 2002-2003 (people without symptoms can pass it on).

https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200126_04821670

27/01: article mentions incubation difference with SARS of 2003-2004 (people without symptoms can pass it on).

https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200126_04822099

27/01: op-ed about economics: last year of the rat was 2008, which inaugurated a period of great success for China. Because of the Swine Plague last year and the ghost of SARS from a longer gone past, diseases are no surprise in China. compares loans to state companies in 2013 and 2016 (strong increase)
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200126_04822110

27/01: about first Belgian cases: mentioned that since SARS of the mid-2000's one hospital specializes in these cases. Was also central hospital during Ebola in 2014. Expert researcher mentions 'This is the main difference with, say, 20 years ago. Then it was more or less improvising during an outbreak of an epidemic. Now all plans are ready.'
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200127_04822974

27/01: copy of article above. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200127_04823099

29/01: article refers to Chinese expert researcher, who believes that things won't get as bad as during SARS. Is stated that researcher helped to contain SARS back then. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200128_04825330

29/01: largely copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200129_04826028

30/01: general overview of virus mentions that the new virus seems less lethal than MERS (2012) and SARS (2002), measured by percentage of people it kills. Is mentioned that it is more contagious than SARS. Also mentioned that incubation is different (without symptoms you can pass it on). Animal origins of SARS explained.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200129_04826830

30/01: article about Chinese lockdown mentions that WHO called it a historically unique measure. Also mentions that Chinese media was given relatively large freedom to report, especially given the increased censorship of the last years. (Mentions that references to SARS-contaminations were effectively censored and initially arrested.)
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200130_04827739

30/01: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200130_04827773

31/01: copy of article above https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200130_04828375

31/01: article about international emergency declared by WHO mentions near the end that the WHO has done so five times earlier since 2005: Mexican/Swine Flu in 2009, Polio in 2014 and Zika in 2016, two times for Ebola without date mentioned. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200131_04829384

31/01: largely copy of article above https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200131_04829663

01/02: interview with expert researcher. Interviewer mentions that number of cases has surpassed SARS of 2002-2003, asks if the containment measures are too much. Expert mentions that China does much better know in containing it than during SARS. Article also cites African expert who states that air traffic between China and Africa grew with 600% in the last ten years. African expert mentions that Ebola demonstrated how difficult it can be to fight a disease.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200131_04830230

01/02: article about economic impact on China mentions that 'SARS is the main point of reference'. Cites amount of cases and deaths, as well as China's slow in growth from 12,2% in the first quarter to 3,4 in the second. But due to stimuli from a well-responding Chinese government the overall economic damage was limited, with China continuing to grow at a strong pace for the rest of the year. But article mentions '2020 is not 2003'. China had just acceded to the WTO, the real starting point for its immense economic growth. During SARS China counted for 4% of global GDP, now 16% and it is the second global economy. Further on 'also in the service sector is 2020 not 2003'. In 2003 it counted for 42% of GDP, now 55%. Main reasons are the growth of the leisure and tourism sectors. Economist is cited saying that SARS in 2003 allowed Alibaba to break through. Now E-commerce is bigger and better known, which might compensate a bit, according to the economist. Amount of Chinese tourists in Flanders in 2018 is mentioned.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200131_04830261

03/02: Column historian. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200202_04831884

03/02: article about complot theories: expert in bioweapons states that chance that you get to know something about origins of virus as a bioweapon is extremely rare: states that one possible chance is if Chinese scientists start to talk, like in the 1980's soviet scientists switched sides. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200202_04831895

03/02: article about economic impact mentions that Asian stock markets dropped the most since 2015.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200203_04832715

03/02: article is largely copy of the one above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200203_04833031

03/02: article about building of hospitals in China mentions that model is that of a crisis hospital built in Beijing during SARS in 2003. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200203_04832988

04/02: article about how China is not happy with growing stigmatization of Chinese people. Article itself mentions that there are echo's of the late 19th and early 20th centuries, when Chinese refugees were considered to be sick and dirty. Article ends by stating fact that Chinese Ambassador in Israel said that 'refusing access to Chinese people' reminded him 'of the darkest days of the Holocaust'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200203_04833448

04/02: about Corona-cartoons and Chinese protest, DS cites its own editor-in-chief 'Belgium has a long liberal tradition in the freedom of speech and the freedom to publish'. Article does mention that 19th century stereotype of the contagious Chinese is quite sensitive at the moment. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200204_04834439

04/02: op-ed about essay from Camus. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200204_04834486

04/02: article mentions at the beginning that 'with other recent epidemics, the growth seems to be much slower'. WHO-documents show that in 2003-2004 SARS reached only after 4 months 1000 people, was over after 6 months at about 8000 infections. Mentioned that China was 'mysterious' about SARS back then and informed the WHO quite late. Mentions emergence of MERS in 2012, which remains popping up but has only 2500 infections in total.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200204_04834432

05/02: copy of op-ed about Camus: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200204_04834973

05/02: article about doctor Li mentions that The Communist Party has had no understanding of transparency in the last 70 years, compulsory control is deeply engrained'. Article also again cites own editor in chief about cartoons 'Belgium has a long liberal tradition in the freedom of speech and the freedom to publish'
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200204_04834994

06/02: article discusses how drug developed against Ebola but discontinued when other drugs were prove more effective, might help against corona. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200205_04836459

06/02: article discussing Chinese animal markets briefly mentions that during SARS the Chinese government temporarily banned the trade in wild animals, until the crisis was over. Thereafter it continued as normal. Chinese expert mentions that during SARS people avoided civet cats, after it was over they continued as normal. She believes the internet might also influence better enforcement this time, plus china is now a world power that does not want the embarrassment.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200206_04837416

06/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200206_04837333

07/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200206_04837918

07/02: article about doctor Li: 'since 1989 the Chinese Party has built a febrile form of legitimacy through 'capable government': we make you rich and provide you with an easier life if you keep silent'.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200207_04839408

08/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200207_04839527

10/02: economics article mentions that virus is now more deadly than SARS at the beginning of the 2000's.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200210_04842114

10/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200210_04842038

12/02: article about 'superspreaders': researcher mentions 'in 2014 just one funeral started over a 100 transmission chains'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200211_04844229

12/02: article about trustworthiness china opens with statement that number of deaths now surpasses that of SARS in 2003 and MERS since 2012. Then discusses different things without reference to history
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200211_04844268

13/02: article about slow response from China mentions cancellation of the Mobile World Congress, for the first time in 33 years. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200212_04846155

13/02: column on the topic of 'disgust': 'in the past diseases like the Plague or Spanish Flu created disasters'. Explains for her fear of unknown diseases. Later refers to how 'in Nazi-propaganda Jews were compared with rats and vermin'. (reference in between sentence about Flemish far right politician and Donald Trump).
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200212_04846149

13/02: article about Corona in Africa, mentions growth by 600% of air traffic between Africa and China in 10 years.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200213_04846866

23/02: article about Italian outbreak: expert researcher mentions difference with no symptoms-contamination compared to SARS in 2002-2003. Questions about official label pandemic, expert mentions that in 2009 the WHO was criticized for declaring a pandemic too quickly for N1H1. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200223_04861869

24/02: copy of article above https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200223_04862034

24/02: article about possible declaration of a pandemic: mentions that the WHO has declared an international emergency five times earlier since 2005: Mexican/Swine Flu in 2009, Polio in 2014 and Zika in 2016, two times for Ebola without date mentioned. Also mentions that expert has said that in 2009 the WHO was criticized for declaring a pandemic too quickly for N1H1. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04862966

24/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04863037

24/02: about economic impact: mentions European stock markets are facing greatest losses since Brexit referendum of 2016. Gold rose to highest levels since 2013. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04862863

24/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04863034

25/02: article about economic impact has headline 'largest one-day loss since Brexit'. Is also mentioned in text.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04863581

25/02: about impact on Chinese tourism in Europe. Mentions that China was a real growth engine behind global tourism in the last 20 years. Chinese tourists spend 255 billion euro in 2019, in 2000 that was 10 billion.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04863580

25/02: article about measures cites spokesperson for Belgian ministry of public health, who states that quick readiness of plans is a consequence of the Mexican Flu. Journalist adds that this caused a pandemic in 2009. Article mentions that thanks to earlier outbreaks there are 'building blocks' readily available that the government can use to tackle infectious disease. The government therefore does not need to 'reinvent hot water'.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200224_04863561

25/02: article about companies do well during this crisis: mentions that 'hibernation' companies also performed well during the SARS-crisis. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200225_04864625

25/02: copy of article above https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200225_04864693

26/02: about impact on stock markets: BEL 20 worst day loss since 2016 day earlier.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200225_04864903

26/02: op-ed from journalist: new challenge for Europe after the bank crisis, the debt crisis, the refugee crisis and Brexit. Again challenge to create unity from diversity. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200225_04864889

27/02: about quarantine in Italy: article goes to restaurant in Milan 'that operates since 1867'. Cites waiter who remembers financial situation like this only from the beginning of the 90's with the start of the Gulf War.
https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200226_04866642

27/02: article with advice for small investors: mentions that spreading investments in time resulted in an average return of 9% annually during the last century. Discusses whether or not profits will be made in 2020. Mentions that after WWII the S&P500 had 13 years with profits of 30% or higher, which were only two times followed by a loss year (1981 and 1990). More often the next year was a strong year for the index. In 5 of 12 cases the return was over 20%. 2020 could be a year with profits still, like 30 of the last 40 years. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200226_04866615

27/02: Article about increasing doubt among Belgians. old non-expert researcher states that 'a scenario like the Spanish Flu in 1919 is possible'. For that reason he already took his own measures. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200226_04866585

27/02: article about South-Korean sect: 'With this, the sect faces its worst crisis since its founding 36 years ago'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200227_04867669

27/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200227_04867831

28/02: article about Hong Kong's decision to distribute money: discuss in mid-section extensively the historical background of the term (Milton Friedman in 1969), How Ben Bernanke became in 2002 known as Helicopter Ben, and how it was seriously considered as a policy option in 2008. Section about 'does it work' mentions that it has never really been tried on a large scale, but does mention government interventions during 2008-2009, 'for example the cash-for-clunkers' programs. 'Will it happen section' mentions that in 2008 it also seemed impossible that the ECB would buy bonds or use a negative interest rate. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200227_04868383

28/02: interview with expert researcher about his work: 'my son is now 10, he was born during the Mexican Flu epidemic'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04868995

28/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869102

28/02: article about how virus might affect Belgian government formation. Includes section on how in 2011 a piece in the economist described Belgium, which likewise had no real government, would be the next Italy. Discusses how this later led to the formation of a new government. Questions at the beginning if the virus will play the same role as the rating agencies in 2011. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869053

28/02: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869094

28/02: economic article titled 'coronavirus causes worst stock week since 2008'. Is repeated in intro, no further references. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869502

29/02: essay by historian-journalist https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869660

29/02: economic column about stock markets opens with 'the Stock markets had their worst week since the Great Recession in 2008'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869691

29/02: article that follows WHO-expert. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200227_04868175

29/02: copy of article about government formation of day before: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869669

29/02: diary from quarantined village in Italy cites cookie maker which uses recipe of four generations, which he fears will not continue https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869670

29/02 op ed starts with literary quote from 30 years ago: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869674

29/02: about impact on economy: expert mentions that in 2008 emissions dropped little and only for a short while. Then followed a strong catch-up. Mentions that number in airline passengers will drop for first time in 10 years. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200228_04869659

02/03: op-ed by historians: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200301_04871366

02/03: article about economic impact: opens with statement that Chinese industry had worst February ever. Continues by mentioning the questions that have arisen after the worst week loss for stock markets since 2008. Mentions that even in 2008 Chinese factories produced better. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200301_04871337

02/03: column by historian: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200301_04871368

03/03: article about economic impact: article mentions that economic growth would drop due to the virus to the lowest level since 2009. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200302_04872887

03/03: copy of article above, with expansion: article mentions that economic growth would drop due to the virus to the lowest level since 2009. Mentions that OESO report about growth impact mentions that China is not the same as during SARS in 2002. Back then the country was a small economy, now a giant. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200302_04872906

03/03: about readiness of hospitals: cites hospital worker 'that regular emergency services would be interrupted for something like this, we have never before seen'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200302_04872885

04/03: article about search in Belgium for medicine: researcher involved states that Dengue-research started in 2009 is now only in testing phase, and will be no different for this disease'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200303_04874509

04/03: opinion by two researchers in philosophy: argue that main fault lies with the Chinese wet markets. 'Both the Sars-epidemic of 2003 as the current disease have a trail that leads back to the Chinese wet markets'. About Chinese ban on trade in wild animals: 'it is not the first time that such a measure is taken in response to an epidemic. After the outbreak of SARS china also banned the cultivation, transport and sale of civet cats and other wild animals. Six months later that ban was lifted'. About argument of superiority over animals 'Such reasoning seems similar to the arguments that so-called superior whites used in the past to legitimize the subjugation of 'inferior' races. But today the vital interests of humans clearly parallel the interests of non-human animals'. End with plea to ban such markets completely: 'historically speaking, tragedies have sometimes led to important changes'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200303_04874585

04/03: about lowering of rates by the fed with 50 base points: mentioned that this is unusual, and that last time the fed did this was in 2008 following the fall of Lehman Brothers. Banker is referenced who states that it is remarkable that the European and Japanese banks do not follow: this did happen after 9/11. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200303_04874589

05/03: about impact on airlines: airline stocks lost 25% since the outbreak, which is 21% more than during the SARS outbreak in 2003, at a similar moment. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200305_04877185

05/03: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200305_04877155

06/03: article about impact on airlines cites numbers from article day before but expands. airline stocks lost 25% since the outbreak, which is 21% more than during the SARS outbreak in 2003, at a similar moment. Expert researches states that comparable to SARS and 9/11 big companies with cash reserves will survive, but that governments might need to intervene. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200305_04877827

07/03: economic column: 'the Fed is no longer the superhero it was under Alan Greenspan or Ben Bernanke, who, as a manner of speaking, needed only a half word to move the markets in the direction they desired'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200306_04879365

07/03: art column makes extensive and visual comparison with the 14th century plague. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200305_04877579

07/03: article follows work of expert researcher: mentions that he was 'at the frontline' during the Avian Flu outbreak of 2007 and Mexican Flu in 2009. Gave him the nickname 'the Flu Commissioner'. Cites his scientific enthusiasm 'no epidemic has ever been better mapped'. About conflict with other expert researcher: I've known him for Twenty years, was a mistake he made. Also discusses his political activity on Twitter, including references to military operation of Israel in Gaza in 2014. He mentions that he became a father in 2009. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200305_04877575

10/03: Interview with Belgians in Italian Lockdown: Belgian in the Dolomites refers to the fact that his community was hit hard by hurricane Vaia in 2017. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04883656

10/03: general op-ed about how climate crisis is worse than Covid: mentions that 'stock markets had a historically bad day yesterday'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04883969

11/03: article about governmental support: mentions that sums of money pumped into economy are smaller than the stimuli used during the credit crisis. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04884477

11/03: op-ed about panic reactions and violence. Opens with Tokyo earthquake in 1923, which led to the massacring of Koreans. In that case politicians also inflamed sentiments. Also refers to how Anders Breivik created his ideology using political examples and his rampage in 2011. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04884441

11/03: interview with Belgian in Italian lockdown: for the first time in my life I have had to cancel meetings. Other Belgian: suddenly you start considering stockpiling, sometime I previously associated with my grandparents. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04884491

11/03: article about measures: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04884494

11/03: about cancellation of F1: mention that GP of Australia is held near Albert Park since 1996. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200310_04884425

11/03: about declaration of pandemic by WHO: mentioned at very end that last time WHO declared one was in 2009 during the outbreak of N1H1. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200311_04885949

12/03: op-ed about lessons from Ebola in 2014 https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200311_04886041

12/03: interview with Italian expert: mentions himself in response to question about war medicine 'I have of course not experienced the Spanish Flu, 100 years ago, but I know that she dearly paralyzed the care system back then. In 2002-2003 we had a global SARS-epidemic. We'll this is worse, due to the high numbers of patients in such a short period with respiratory problems. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200311_04886100

12/03: director of first higher education institute that closes and switched to online courses: '20 years ago we were already know as the school with the laptops', is opportunity to experiment. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200311_04886098

12/03: about losses on stock markets: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200311_04886043

12/03: about stock markets: Article opens that BEL20 has worst one-day loss ever. Is repeated lower in the article. But ends by saying that US has had the longest Bull market ever. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04886738

12/03: quote from Belgian in Singapore, which seems more successful: 'they have a deep fear to repeat the SARS-epidemic of 2009'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04887250

12/03: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04887289

12/03: about US travel ban: article mentions that the ban 'is the worst affront in the already bumpy history between Trump and the EU'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04887258

12/03: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04887288

12/03: about stock markets: BEL20 knew its largest decline since its start in 1991. Mentions breaking of largest US bull market ever (11 years of rises). ECB measures indicate that the times of historic low credit losses are over. Banker quoted who does not believe in a new Euro crisis. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04887130

12/03: economic article: title: 'BEL20 gets hardest hit ever'. Opens with 'The Brussels stock market index experienced a disastrous day as never before'. The drop of 14,42% has never been seen before. Also points loss has never been seen before. Bel 20 knew its largest drop since its start in 1991. Mentions breaking of longest US bull market of 11 years. ECB measures indicate that the times of historic low credit losses are over. Banker quoted who does not believe in a new Euro crisis https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200312_04887280

13/03: article about measures in European countries: references Norwegian prime minister who said that these were the most far-reaching measure Norway ever took in peacetime. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04887766

13/03 article about US travel ban: copies some parties from article day before. mentions that the ban 'is the worst affront in the already bumpy history between Trump and the EU' https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04887748

13/03: article about fake news and virus: cites popularized quote from British politician Philip Snowden in 1916 'truth is the first casualty of war'. Adding that his also applies to the corona crisis. Refers to fact-checking company founded in 2015. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04887767

13/03: op-ed about economic impact: titled 'coronavirus inaugurates new economic era'. Refers to study from the congressional budget office from 2005 about the economic impact of a flu epidemic in US. Worked with one scenario comparable to 1918-1919 Spanish Flu, when more than 500.000 Americans died. Also outbreaks of 1957 and 1968 served as models. Article later mentions that in Western-Europe import and export grew from 10% of GDP to 30%. Briefly discusses trajectory of global integration. Mentions that supply chain has become much more complex last decades. Vulnerability of that chain was already shown during Fukushima and SARS. Mentions that since financial crisis globalization trend has turned, several new factors push towards disintegration. Mentions that four decades of globalization were the main cause of low inflation. Ends with reference to new era. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04887755

13/03: economic article: header: BEL20 suffers worst day-loss ever. Title: Stock markets crash: worst day since 1987. Is repeated in intro. Mentions largest one day-loss for BEL20 since its start in 1991. Mentions largest loss for Dow Jones since 1987. American economist is quoted as saying 'we're at a moment like that after Bear Stearns'. Is explained that fall of this bank in 2008, followed by Lehman Brothers, led to an unseen financial crisis. Economist says 'with hindsight, we lost a lot of time back then and we should have acted sooner'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04887768

13/03: Albert Camus the plague (1947) and Giovanni Boccaccio's Decameron (1348) placed on reading list.

13/03: copy of article about Singapore from day before: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04887772

13/03: article about Belgian budget: Governor of national bank references himself crisis of 2008, when government pumped money into the economy. Article mentions that it is a major difference that the Belgian finances were in better shape in 2008. Banker mentions that this also applies to the rest of Europe, where public finances are in a worse shape compared to twelve years ago. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888271

13/03: copy of the above article: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888283

13/03: about Chinese diplomatic effort: china-expert is quoted 'the party is a master in rewriting history and we see it happening before our eyes in real time'. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888496

13/03: copy of article above: https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888488

13/03: interview with economist who is critical about measures (too strict): 'I understand the argument about the capacity problems. But is the problem not that there has been invested not enough in the past. Capacity has a price and they did not want to pay it. The consequence is that they now need to take more expensive measures' https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888541

13/03: about EU economic measures: extraordinary expenses can be kept outside of the budget, just like after the terror attacks. https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888689

13/03: copy of article above https://www.standaard.be/cnt/dmf20200313_04888509

4) De Morgen

09/01: first article about SARS immediately links in title to a new disease 'possible connected to SARS'. Only at the end of the article is link made with SARS-outbreak of late 2002 'and which is considered to be one of the most dangerous epidemics of our time. Mentions that 349 people died in China in 203, 299 more in Hong Kong. In total 8000 people infected, 30 countries and 6 continents. In 2004 the WHO declared SARS to be back under control. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/mysterieuze-longziekte-in-china-mogelijk-verbonden-aan-sars-b55ec47d/>

11/03: update article mentions cases in China and Hong. Is mentioned that 'since the outbreak of SARS in 2003 Hong Kong is highly attentive to transmissible diseases. 2000 people got sick back then and 300 died. Is at the end explained that the new virus is linked to the SARS-virus that took 774 lives in 2002-2003 in Asia and amongst others the US and Canada. 'The WHO stresses that there are currently no indications that the new Coronavirus is equally lethal'. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/mysterieus-longvirus-eist-eerste-dode-in-china-b5857bcd/>

17/01: Article titled 'are we witnessing the birth of a new killer? Mentions 'The Wuhan-virus looks a lot like the SARS-virus, [...], the famous horror virus that in 2003 put the world in turmoil, infected about 8000 people and killed 775'. Cites expert researcher who mentions that SARS easily modified itself to be able to jump more easily from person to person. Discusses animal origin of SARS and of MERS in 2012. Discusses death rates of both. Expert researcher is quoted who mentions that SARS was low key for a while before it was tracked, and that it only went wrong when a traveler went from China to Hong-Kong and contaminated other guests in a hotel. Same researcher is quoted that this might be a similar-pre-trajectory of a similar outbreak. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/zijn-we-getuige-van-de-geboorte-van-een-nieuwe-killer-chinese-longziekte-is-een-sars-achtig-virus~b81aa207/>

20/01: update article mentions at the end 'it is feared that this new virus could take SARS-like proportions – in 2002 and 2003 SARS killed 650 people in China and Hong Kong'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/mysterieuze-longziekte-eist-derde-dode-in-china-nog-honderden-mensen-ziek~b616a599/>

20/01: analytical article: mentions differences with SARS: less lethal cousin and not sure but probably that is not transmitted between humans. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/chinees-nieuwjaar-wordt-piek-voor-verspreiding-corona-virus-nu-ook-geval-opgedoken-in-zuid-korea~b569241e/>

20/01: article that reports that China admits that it is transmissible between humans. Mentions in the middle that many Chinese internet users make comparisons with 2003 SARS outbreak, when the government minimized the seriousness of the epidemic for months and which eventually killed nearly 800 people. Article still mentions that the new virus is less lethal and less transmissible between humans. Mentions that other internet users defended the government: with SARS it took 5 months to crack its genetic code, now 10 days. Mentions that Chinese government might be more open now than during SARS, but that the information flow is still limited. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/china-geeft-toe-nieuw-corona-virus-is-overdraagbaar-van-mens-tot-mens~b1730658/>

21/01: article about Australian measures: mentions in the middle that the virus is related to SARS, which also appeared for the first time in China in 2002 and claimed up from 700 lives worldwide. Symptoms are also similar to those of SARS; <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-eist-vierde-slachtoffer-australie-begint-met-screenen-passagiers-van-vluchten-uit-wuhan~b5c51b75/>

21/01: article about how worried Belgians should be: same background as article above: mentions in the middle that the virus is related to SARS, which also appeared for the first time in China in 2002 and claimed up from 700 lives worldwide. Symptoms are also similar to those of SARS. Expert researcher quoted: 'currently you can't compare this to the SARS outbreak. There are less patients in the hospital and china learned its lessons from that epidemic – they have been taking more measures for years'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/nu-mysterieuze-longziekte-ook-van-mens-op-mens-overdraagbaar-blijkt-hoe-ongerust-moeten-we-zijn~bcd9034b/>

21/01: interview with Belgian China-reporter in Belgium: she mentions 'during the epidemic of an earlier coronavirus, SARS, information was covered up for months. The government now very much wants to give the impression that this is now really not happening'. Further on quote: 'it seems less bad than during SARS. The number of deaths is still lower: six deceased, four of which were older and had all sorts of complications'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-wordt-epidemie-dit-is-wat-we-nu-weten~b50f17d9/>

22/01: Analytical article with title: 'China tries with all its might that there again happens something similar like the outbreak of the SARS-virus'. Section in the middle discusses how China tries to prevent what happened 17 years ago with SARS. Outbreak was registered and measures were taken, but this was not revealed and not reported to the WHO. When SARS appeared abroad it was too late, it killed nearly 800 people worldwide. Mentions that the WHO is calling on governments to take measures, as happened during Ebola and Zika. Followed by 'for more lessons from the past, china calls on the longue physician Zhong Nanshan, the great expert in the field of SARS'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/china-wil-uit-alle-macht-vermijden-dat-er-opnieuw-iets-gebeurt-zoals-de-uitbraak-van-het-sars-virus~bf2cbc56/>

23/01: update article: mentions that China has expanded its presence in Africa over the years, leading to first measures there too. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-peking-annuleert-nieuwjaarsfeestelijkheden-al-drie-chinese-steden-geïsoleerd~b3be0029/>

23/01: article about Chinese lockdown: quote from inhabitant of Wuhan: 'the good news is, the intensity of this virus is not as bad as SARS. The people who died of it, were already old'. Question if WHO will declare international emergency, which it only does on rare occasions, such two prior Ebola outbreaks and with Zika. Discusses further on animal origin of virus, which it compares to the animal origins of SARS which led to nearly 800 deaths worldwide in 2003.

<https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/wuhan-volledig-op-slot-om-verdere-verspreiding-van-het-coronavirus-te-voorkomen~b43412a6/>

24/01: report from China: mentions that emergency hospitals are being built following the model of the one built in Beijing during SARS in 2003. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/onze-reporter-geraakt-virusgebied-wuhan-binnen-een-stad-in-de-ban-van-angst~ba3d9e72/>

25/01: update article: mentions that 450 military medics were sent to Wuhan, and 'a lot of these people have experience in fighting SARS or Ebola'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-duikt-op-in-australie~bfb56d64/>

26/01: article about situation in Belgium. Quotes at the end Belgian minister of health 'this time China is very transparent about passing on information'. Is explained that during the SARS-pandemic (which infected in 2003 8000 people and killed 774 globally) China was accused of keeping information too long for itself, which allowed the virus to spread. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/de-block-kans-is-reeel-dat-coronavirus-binnenkort-ook-in-ons-land-opduikt~bdeecfb1/>

26/01: interview with expert researcher: researcher mentions that a few years ago the international coalition for epidemic preparedness was created. About potential mutations: could also make things better, as happened with the Mexican Flu in 2009, when people feared further bad mutations, but that didn't happen. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/het-zal-een-moeilijke-klus-worden-om-het-coronavirus-tegen-te-houden~b67ba500/>

27/01: article with what is known about the virus: mentions that death rate seems to be 3%, much less than the 11% of the 2002-2003 SARS and the 35% of MERS. Mentions that Chinese Bat-soup was also blamed for Ebola in 2014. Took 14 years to determine precise origin of SARS. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/vleermuizensoep-oorzaak-van-coronavirus-vijf-fabels-en-feiten-op-een-rij-gezet~b60bb4cd/>

27/01: article titled 'from SARS to Corona: Has China really learned nothing?'. Opens with 'just as with the SARS-outbreak in 2002, which lead to a pandemic, have Chinese local authorities also covered up the seriousness of the outbreak of the Corona Virus. Out of fear of reprimands from Beijing. Has China really learned nothing?' Article continues by quoting anonymous local official that some villages dig holes in the road to prevent traffic – article mentions '17 years ago villagers around Beijing did the same against the deadly SARS virus. They destroyed road pavements or put mountains of sand on them. Volunteers disinfected everyone, and sent travelers away. Continues with historical material, mentions that every measure follows the playbook provided by SARS, which in 2002 and 2003 caused a worldwide epidemic with nearly 800 deaths. 'This also applies to the negative factors'. The Coronavirus was kept secret for three weeks, while the scale of the SARS epidemic for four months. 'The pace has changed, but the governmental pavlovian reaction of ignore, conceal and minimize, not'. Mentions that ban on trade in wild animals is also a legacy of SARS. Mentions that just like during SARS people who spread 'rumors' are arrested. SARS also lifted on the back of Chinese new year. But the international spread was slower, because for more Chinese foreign travel was out of reach. Also mentions that relation between China and WHO is much better: in 2003 there was a lot of lying and turning, including daily video-taped messages that SARS was under control. Mentions that state can also rely on a dense network of party organizations to check, control and manage people – a strategy also deployed during SARS. But this requires strong leadership, which is today better than during SARS (China had HU Jintao and Wen Jiabao as double leadership back then: Xi has much more power. Media message were during SARS a fight between the two factions. Now as during SARS coverage gets temporary space, to make the measures more acceptable. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/van-sars-naar-corona-heeft-china-dan-echt-niks-geleerd~b30eebfe/>

28/01: article titled 'Wuhan-virus is starting to take SARS-like proportions: 'Europe should prepare better''. Opens with 'the outbreak of the Wuhan Coronavirus is worse than that of SARS in 2002-2003'. Continues by stating that the virus has broken the 'magical barrier' of the 8098 SARS-infections. Does mention that the number of deaths is much lower: 100 vs 774. Refers to expert researcher who stated that Europe should prepare for an outbreak, even though it might be all right as during SARS and MERS. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/wuhan-virus-begint-sars-propoities-aan-te-nemen-europa-moet-zich-voorbereiden~bdee638e/>

29/01: article with updates, starts by mentioning that more people have now been infected than during the SARS epidemic of about 18 years ago. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/buza-raadt-alle-niet-essentiele-reizen-naar-china-af-vijfde-besmetting-in-frankrijk~bd1232b5/>

29/01: article about the origins of new virus: near the end of the article: 'in the last 45 years three other epidemics have been caused by bats'. 'SARS, the epidemic disease of the beginning of the century which killed about 350 people', MERS and Ebola, 'which since 1976 has killed about 13500 people'. Discovery in 2013 about how virus attaches to the

same parts in humans as in bats. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/vleermuizen-dan-toch-boosdoeners-van-verspreiding-coronavirus~be788718/>

29/01: article about Chinese animal markets: experts have warned for years about these markets. Is not the first infectious disease that stems from these markets. Think of the famous avian flu, or the deadly SARS which preceded the current coronavirus within that family. Mentions that after Sars of 2002-2003 china banned wild animal trade, but retracted that ban after a few years. The trade is, as before, badly regulated. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/spelen-chinese-dierenmarkten-een-centrale-rol-bij-het-ontstaan-van-infectieziekten~bb821ab9/>

30/01: about economic impact. Opens with statement that the new virus will have a larger impact on Chinese growth than the SARS-epidemic of 2003. Mentions further on that after SARS the economy rebounded, and that Chinese growth only lost about 0,5%. Export grew even with 350%. China back then was an upcoming producer of cheap stuff, and was not as intertwined with the global economy as today. Further on mentions that economy in china has been cooling down for a while: growth numbers have not been this low in 30 years. Beijing does not seem to want to provide stimuli, which it did during SARS. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/hoer-het-coronavirus-de-wereldeconomie-treft~b7bf703c/>

02/02: column titled: 'I will survive the incense, as I have survived the Spanish Flu, the Inquisition and the Eighty Years War'. Refers to him not personally, but his ancestors <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/ik-zal-de-wierook-overleven-zoals-ik-de-spaanse-griep-heb-overleefd-de-inquisitie-en-de-tachtigjarige-oorlog~bf881dbd/>

03/02: update article: quotes expert researcher who says that the virus is less lethal than SARS in 2003. Article mentions that SARS killed 800 Chinese in 2003. Expert researcher quoted: 'as a virologist I feel comfortable enough to predict the peak in a seasonal flu. That is possible because of historical data'. Article mentions immediately that such data is not available for this virus. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/belgen-uit-china-nog-twee-weken-in-quarantaine~b9ae4af7/>

03/02: interview with Belgian journalist returned from Wuhan: about stereotypes: 'you should not forget that China has changed at a breakneck pace in the last 40 years. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/in-de-brusselse-corona-quarantaine-geen-fysiek-contact-met-buitenstaanders~bfb332f/>

04/02: op-ed by expert researcher: 'the pandemics of panic, caused by the Mexican Flu and the Avian Flu, are part of the largest medical scandals ever. Useless flu medicine was stored nationally for the Avian Flu [...]. The very benign Mexican flu was massively countered with a vaccine that was not sufficiently tested'. 'Given SARS, the current virus alarmed Chinese physicians'. Mentions that SARS was much more malevolent. The notion of 'something like SARS' led to further Chinese research. 'There is not at hint of evidence' that quarantines work. 'Quarantines are rarely very successful, let alone against viruses that cause few symptoms'. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/de-epidemie-van-een-nieuw-coronavirus-much-ado-about-little~b121b213/>

04/02: about Belgian measures and first Belgian case: mentions that there is a hospital dedicated to events like this since the SARS epidemic in the early 2000's. The hospital was also at the ready during the 2014 Ebola crisis. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/uit-wuhan-gerepatrieerde-belg-blijkt-besmet-wat-nu~b8d0a58b/>

04/02: article about bats: mentions animal origins of SARS in 2002 and 2003, which kept the world in its ban, which eventually killed 774 people. Mentions that in HONG Kong SARS spread trough the sewage system of an apartment block. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/honderden-doden-tienduizenden-besmetten-het-is-wellicht-de-schuld-van-de-vleermuis~bb3d1122/>

04/02: article about building of new hospital, mentions that some of the military doctors for the new hospital also fought the SARS epidemic in 2003. Also then new hospital built in Beijing. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/hoer-china-in-10-dagen-een-compleet-nieuw-ziekenhuis-uit-de-grond-stampte-voor-patienten-met-coronavirus~b250e004/>

04/02: Belgian cartoonist reprimanded by Chinese diplomats: cartoonist quoted: 'the whole scene reminds of the Mohammed Cartoons' (published in a Danish publication in 2005. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/china-kan-niet-lachen-met-corona-cartoon-van-lectr-eeen-belediging-voor-de-bevolking~b66552c2/>

05/02: article about press conference by Chinese Ambassador to Belgium: quote 'this is an international disaster and our approach compares favorably with that of earlier incidents'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/chinese-ambassadeur-in-belgie-die-corona-cartoons-kwetsen-1-4-miljard-chinezen~b9a9a4e3/>

07/02: article about work of virologists: opens with Netflix series pandemic, followed by 'the past decennia we got to know HIV, Ebola, SARS and the Mexican Flu'. Continues by referencing the opening scene of pandemic, whereby a

mass grave from the Spanish Flu is opened. Mentions 50 million deaths. Journalist asks expert researcher: 'if the pandemic is a fact, will millions of people die, as during the Spanish Flu?'. Expert researcher reassures, but mentions later that you have a real problem if the virus kills young people, as during the Spanish Flu. It killed mainly men between 20 and 30. Journalist asks if Spanish Flu was the most deadly pandemic in history. Expert researcher says yes in absolute figures 'never before this many people died from an epidemic. But in percentages the 14th century plague was worse. This exterminated about a quarter of the European population'. Journalist asks 'if such a Spanish Flu were to break out now for the first time, would the death toll be higher?' expert responds 'the disease would certainly spread faster. The H1N1 virus (which is responsible for the Spanish Flu, red.) was spread in 1918 by soldiers returning from the front lines by boat or trains. It took months before the disease had spread the globe. Now international air traffic can do that in one day.' Also mentions that we have four times more people than in 2018, but this would not necessarily result in a casualty figure four times the size of the Spanish Flu. Health care and its techniques are much better although, this mainly applies to the west. If poorer regions are hit by a Spanish Flu, we are powerless. Question by journalist: 'how come that we have not encountered such a deadly virus as the Spanish Flu since 1918?'. Expert 'pure luck. The last 100 years we have had a few bad viral outbreaks – Ebola, SARS, Avian Flu, Mexican Flu. There is no system to this. We can therefore not predict when a new virus will strike'. Other expert fears mostly a new subtype of the Flu, like the Spanish Flu earlier. Expert also stresses 'if 100 years ago Africa faced an Ebola-outbreak, at worst the entire village died. But subsequently the outbreak flared out because the villages were not connected with one another. Now these villages have become cities, which are connected via numerous means of transportation'. Expert states enormous progress in the detection of dangerous viruses. 'the HIV-virus already made casualties in the 50's, but was only discovered in the 80's. expert researcher about if the virus really hits in Belgium 'one possible measure during a pandemic is the temporary closure of schools, but here this has never happened before, as far as my knowledge goes. Spokesperson for the Belgian crisis center: cites case of the Terror attacks in Belgium. Measures were taken, but plan did not match the exact scenario of attacks on a tube and airport. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/volgens-mij-is-het-coronavirus-overal-in-europa-uitgezaaid~be1394a2/>

07/02: article that just links to a free documentary about Ebola in 2014: <https://www.demorgen.be/tv-cultuur/hoe-een-dodelijk-virus-zich-razendsnel-kan-verspreiden-bekijk-deze-aangrijpende-docu~b301fc95/>

11/02: interview with expert researcher: expert mentions that virus is sensitive to warmer climate, just like SARS (journalist adds that SARS was a coronavirus that raged in 2003). <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/voorzichtig-optimisme-over-coronavirus-dit-lijkt-een-trend-het-aantal-nieuwe-gevallen-daalt-b5327279/>

11/02: article about economic impact: quite down the article it is mentioned that the signs are difficult to read. The WHO stated that the virus is now more lethal than SARS in 2002-2003. SARS caused a temporary dip and a global economic loss of 1%. The worst case scenario is that of the Spanish Flu. Mentioned that this pandemic killed millions in 1918 and infected many more. In that scenario the global economy would take a hit of 3%. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/een-tijdelijke-krimp-of-een-enorme-ramp-wat-is-de-impact-van-het-coronavirus-op-de-wereldeconomie~b4abe0eb/>

13/02: article about nervousness in Europe: 'compares scenario of 60% infections, 1% mortality (=50 million dead) with the Mexican Flu of 2009: infected 24% of the globe. 2009 it also seemed that a serious percentage would die, but eventually 5/1000 died. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/westen-wordt-steeds-nerveuzer-coronavirus-kan-veel-besmettelijker-zijn-dan-gedacht~b1c037f8/>

17/02: interview with expert researcher, who thinks we're overreacting: question 'would a killer of millions like the Spanish Flu 100 years ago, be possible today?'. Response 'our force de frappe is of different magnitude than in 1918'. We have learned a lot in different fields. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/maatregelen-zijn-nu-erger-dan-coronavirus-zelf-vaccinatie-expert-pierre-van-damme-ua~bcd7d4d7/>

13/02: interview with infected Belgian in Belgian quarantining: discusses his past, how he ended up in China. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/de-besmette-belg-philip-soubry-over-zijn-leven-in-quarantaine-een-mens-zou-van-minder-gedepremerd-raken~bc41c7c9/>

19/02: interview with Chinese in Lockdown: one interviewee refers to the 2008 earthquake, in which he wasn't personally involved and which therefore felt different. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/het-enige-wat-ik-voor-mijn-land-kan-doen-is-binnenblijven-chinezen-over-leven-met-corona~b65ae50a/>

20/02: article about outbreak in South-Korea: titled 'South-Korea trembles before corona-virus: 'crisis without precedent'. Is quote from mayor of Seoul, which is repeated in the article. Also quotes Japanese virus-expert who worked on the cruise ship diamond princess, saying that he never feared Ebola SARS or cholera, but that the circumstances on the

ship were much more difficult. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/zuid-korea-bibbert-voor-coronavirus-crisis-zonder-precedent-ba3905e0/>

20/02: article about Corona-beer brand of Belgian AB Inbev: open with case of the candy-brand Ayds, salles of which dropped 50% at the end of the 80's. American producer tried to change names to Diet Ayds and Aydslim, but to no avail. Shortly after the brand was taken of the market. Continues by saying 'things won't go as fast with Corona, the showcase beer that AB Inbev [...] bought in 2012 from the Mexicans. Then goes on to discuss other examples, 'because the past of course offers other examples of brands that hit such 'external problems'. In a number of cases a company quickly changed its brand name. example is Tata cars that changed in 2016 the name of its Zica car to Tiago, because of the disease that appeared in 2015. Rapid growth of ISIS in 2014 also forced brands to change names: ISIS pharmaceuticals went in 2015 to Ionis Pharmaceuticals. American paycompany ISIS became Softcard. Scottish design company Tsunami switched names after earthquake and tsunami of 2004. In 2003, SARS movement company did not change names, the spokesperson was not worried at all, just noted the jokes. Article continues by stating that all of these case are of course 'small beer' compared to Corona. Marketeer mentions: only if a company caused a crisis, can it use it for marketing at a specific moment. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/wat-te-doen-als-ie-merknaam-opeens-een-dodelijk-virus-is-b3f52f90/>

21/02: article about potential cures: First possibility is the 'old savior': Belgian scientist discovered in 2004 that the anti-malaria substance chloroquine, discovered in 1934, also worked against SARS. They were however too late, because the epidemic had already passed. Second case: HIV-blockers have been shown years ago to also work against both MERS and SARS. Third is ebola-drug, which worked against MERS. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/het-middel-tegen-het-coronavirus-bestaat-misschien-al-lang-b27d1816/>

21/02: interview with Belgian journalist who returned from Wuhan: she mentions that it is still in doubt if this is something like SARS in 2003 or more like the flu. Also talks about why she moved to China. Discusses how in 2016 China forced changes in Hangzhou for the G20 summit. Mentions that the city was 're-shaped into a Potemkin-town'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/leen-vervaeke-terug-naar-china-na-corona-quarantaine-in-wuhan-kreeg-ik-heel-even-een-andere-kijk-op-het-land-b88aacb0/>

24/01: interview expert researcher following outbreak in Italy: quote 'just as with SARS or the Mexican Flu, we have our plans ready. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-krijgt-voet-aan-de-grond-in-europa-iedereen-moet-het-hoofd-koel-houden-b57aff7e/>

25/02: about economic impact: international stock markets had their worst days in 4 years. Then, the Brexit-referendum was the cause. Banker is quoted 'at the time of the SARS-crisis in 2002 we could see the stock markets recover once the peak in new cases was reached'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-besmet-nu-ook-de-wereldeconomie-b0725cfa/>

25/02: about situation in Italy: quotes in middle supermarket employee: 'I've never before known it to be this busy as during the last past days'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/niet-zo-dichtbij-voor-30-miljoen-italianen-is-het-leven-plots-helemaal-anders-door-het-coronavirus-b6e11439/>

25/02 summary article with expert researchers: expert mentions that it is important that WHO does not declare a pandemic too soon, as happened in 2009 with the Mexican Flu. Spokesperson for the Belgian Public health ministry is introduced by stating that he also experienced Mexican Flu, Avian Flu, MER and SARS and he is referenced as saying that we since have made great progress in our 'battle plans'. Spokesperson is quoted saying that closing schools is a more drastic measure, as happened in 2009 with the Mexican Flu. Is added that back then 19 Belgians died. <https://www.demorgen.be/tech-wetenschap/is-het-coronavirus-op-komst-dit-moet-u-weten-b978961e/>

26/02: analysis of the virus itself: mentioned that it stems from the same branch of bat viruses as SARS 15 years ago. Is a variant of common-cold viruses that have circulated for centuries. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/wat-het-coronavirus-zo-moeilijk-uit-te-roeien-maakt-dit-weten-we-over-de-ziekte-uit-wuhan-b8353ad2/>

27/02: column by journalist: writes about (fictional?) women who feared a Chinese person because of Corona 'after also having read a newspaper article about the 17th century plague'. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/aan-chinezen-kun-je-zelden-angst-of-paniek-aflezen-maar-het-doet-wel-pijn-om-vreemd-en-verdacht-te-zijn-b794ddc7/>

27/02: article about conspiracy theories: early on tweet mentioned by expert economist, who is convinced that things are being covered up. Tweet quoted 'Just like during Chernobyl keeping the truth covered up for weeks is not an option anymore'. One conspiracy theory is that the writer Dean Koontz predicted the outbreak in a 1981 book.

<https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/complottheorieen-over-coronavirus-circuleren-ook-hier-op-sociale-media-denk-je-nu-echt-dat-wij-een-potje-aan-het-liegen-zijn~b852c580/>

28/02: article about economic impact: intro refers to 'analysts' who fear that the impact could be the same as during the 2008 financial crisis. Later on mentioned that European Stock markets have their worst week since the debt crisis and the support to Greece in 2011. 'And that comparison is almost symbolic'. Reference to Capital Economics that calculated that impact might be the same as during the financial crisis, when worldwide GDP dropped 0,5%.

<https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-duwt-economie-in-dieprode-cijfers-beurzen-duiken-vandaag-opnieuw-omlaag-door-onzekerheid~bf2b89a2/>

28/02: article about economic impact, interview with economics researcher: quote: in middle danger of stagflation, as during the 70's oil crisis. Only when rents were raised seriously did we leave the misery behind. University in Australia calculated damage of SARS in 2003 at 36 billion Euro, estimates are now that we should increase that number 3-4 times, due to the impact of China. China accounted in 2003 for 4% of global GDP, today 17%.

<https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-raakt-economie-in-het-hart~b0cb08247/>

28/02: op-ed about Belgian politics and corona: mentions that in 2011 financial crisis made forming of new government possible. Also now calls to form government due to economic pressure. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/een-regering-genoemd-naar-een-virus-joachim-coens-geen-geniale-marketing~be8392e5/>

28/02: op-ed refers to conspiracy theory of economist above: links it ironically to fake moon landing and JFK murder.

<https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/beste-bart-de-pauw-kunt-u-mij-alstublicht-ook-laten-dagvaarden~bf14d580/>

29/02: article about virus itself: opens with common-cold corona's that have been around 'for as long as mankind can remember'. Mentions that a coronavirus NL63 jumped on humans – maybe there was a forgotten epidemic, maybe it all went fine. Mentions that its strength is its mildness, which different than Ebola, SARS and the Avian Flu H5N1, which briefly appeared in Hong Kong in 1997. Ends with 'we appear to be witnessing a historic moment: a brand new seasonal virus in the making'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/ook-u-kunt-het-coronavirus-krijgen-wen-er-alvast-maar-aan~b7ea65f4/>

01/03: about move to phase two in Belgium: Mentions that after Avian Flu about 15 years ago WHO asked countries to change approach: not one plan per virus, but modules that can be more flexibly adapted to the specific circumstances.

<https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/we-komen-in-fase-2-wat-doet-ons-land-om-het-coronavirus-te-bestrijden~bbeff53a/>

01/03: article about second case in Belgium: Mentions that more far-going measures such as closing schools are an option, as happened during the Mexican Flu pandemic in 2009. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-alweer-vastgesteld-in-belgie-wat-nu~b7ec3184/>

03/03: article titled: 'Corona pushes Belgian growth to lowest level in 7 years' is repeated in introduction that growth projects are at lowest level since 2013. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/corona-duwt-belgische-groei-naar-laagste-peil-in-zeven-jaar~b7464ad5/>

03/03: article about stock markets: mentions in intro that last weeks' drop was the steepest since 2008. Mentions further on that if banks get into trouble, the disaster scenario of 2008 looms. Mentions at the end that the stock markets had been growing continuously since 2009. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/de-coronacrisis-kan-een-wereldwijde-kredietcrisis-worden~b8678c3a/>

03/03: column by economics researcher: titled 'if the corona virus becomes something like the Spanish Flu, then we are facing a steep recession'. Links in the middle to the Spanish Flu of 1918-1919. Took 50 million lives, lasted 15 months and came in different waves. if the corona virus becomes something like the Spanish Flu, then we are facing a steep recession. 'But history does not have to repeat itself'. Main difference is that then war had weakened the health of the population and governments did not have much means to tackle an epidemic. That seems to be different today.

<https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/als-het-coronavirus-zoiets-als-de-spaanse-griep-wordt-dan-staat-ons-eeen-diepe-recessie-te-wachten~beb05283/>

03/03: column by journalist: titled 'Ay no corona: rarely there has been more extensively communicated about a virus'. Intro starts with 'rarely in the history of communication media there has been communicated more extensively about a virus, so if there finally erupts a global crisis we cannot say that we did not see it coming'. Ironically mentions that public broadcaster spent 40 minutes of its journal on the virus, the longest item since the world cup football player selection of

2018 – that was an item of 10 minutes. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/ay-no-corona-zelden-is-er-uitgebreider-gecommuniceerd-over-een-virus~bf14cef3/>

03/03: article about British response: mentions that Governor of the Bank of England stated that he will do everything to protect the economy, as during the financial crisis of 2008. Ends with remark that some stockpiling Brits still had supplies bought for a no-deal Brexit. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/britten-versus-coronavirus-zing-god-save-the-queen-tijdens-handen-wassen~b865a0fb/>

04/03 about search for a vaccine: mentions that The Economist made the comparison with the search for an Ebola-vaccine between 2013 and 2016. Then things went fast, now its on steroids. Mentions that after Ebola the Coalition for Epidemic Preparedness Innovations (CEPI) was created. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/de-race-naar-een-vaccin-tegen-coronavirus-zal-eerder-een-marathon-zijn~badb2134/>

06/03: Article about Chinese company hit by Corona: Mentions history of company. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/chinese-industrie-draait-maar-op-halve-kracht-en-dat-treft-ook-internationale-ondernemers~b93f7bb6/>

06/03: article about opportunities: mentions in intro that it was the largest stock market blow since 2008. Also refers to nature gaining ground after Chernobyl. Also during financial crisis of 2008 exhaust of CO2 dropped 1,4% and also air pollution dropped. But is mentioned that situation is too unclear to be certain of a similar effect. Is added that exhaust in 2009 saw a steep rise, because economies caught up on lost ground. Expert is also quoted that during past epidemics people had less sex, for example during Ebola-crisis. Mentions that race for a vaccine was never before so frantic. Expert researcher mentions that during Mexican Flu of 10 years ago researchers sometimes had to wait for weeks for scientific papers, now things are shared more freely. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/het-coronavirus-heeft-zowaar-ook-positieve-bijwerkingen~b963d8f7/>

07/02: article about refugees and Corona: intro mentions that piece by a Belgian Law Professor in a popular economic magazine connected refugees to Corona. Intro mentions that this is a form of framing 'which recollects to a not too decent past'. Followed by anonymous quote: 'the Jews were also excluded as spreaders of disease'. Continues by quoting original op-ed: 'if we are not careful 2020 could become the new 2015. But worse, because aggravated by the Corona Virus'. After further explanation of these and other people that make such a connection with refugees, mentions that it is a well-known tactic to use fear for something to serve another agenda. 'This is also what happened to the Jews in the 30's of the previous century'. Quote by professor in Jewish Studies 'they were then depicted as rats and spreaders of bacteria and diseases'. This was the used as an excuse to isolate them from the rest of society, with the goal to keep Jews out of all public life. Continues that this was not the first time that Jews were the victim of this tactic. During the great plague of the 14th century they were also identified as the cause. Quote from same expert researcher that mentions that Church first identified as a disease, later as spreader of disease. Jews had fewer victims due to religious prescriptions that forced them to be more hygienic. This made them suspect, although it was quickly shown that they also had victims. Continues by mentioning that blaming lowest groups in society 'is a phenomenon of all ages'. Lepa, smallpox syphilis and TBC were also blamed on the groups which people looked negatively at during that specific moment in history. Quote by sociology researcher: blame on Irish and Italian migrants to the US in the 19th and 20th centuries. Expert also mentions the Jews, who were frequently arrested in the 19th century on the suspicion of spreading disease. Expert researcher framing is quoted that in 2000 refugees were also linked to TBC. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/vluchtelingen-afschilderen-als-corona-verspreiders-is-een-gevaarlijke-tactiek~b8703b8d/>

07/03: column about Belgian governmental response: mentions that Belgian health-minister has a temperament that is somewhat similar to a prime-minister of the 90's. Also mentions that minister knows how media and framing works, as she used it to her advantage on her previous post of migration and integration minister. Refers to op-ed in local US newspaper, which suggests that experienced doctors will assume a 'base tariff' that we will have to pay for this virus. 'what happened in the past (the base tariff of reality, lets say), will probably happen today as well. For major apocalyptic epidemics you need to go back to a long gone past. So it is not crazy to assume that COVID-19 will also be stopped. Unless of course this becomes this one destructive exception'. Mentions that Belgium sometimes does not work: terror attacks in Paris and Brussels were only possible because of a major systemic failure. <https://www.demorgen.be/politiek/coronavirus-bewijst-belgie-is-vooralsnog-geen-failed-state~b7b92d50/>

07/03: about situation in Iran: in the middle mentions for the first time since 1979 there was no Friday prayer. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/na-corona-te-bagatelliseren-schiet-iran-nu-in-paniekmodus~b744a44f/>

08/03: timeline-article for Italy: mentions that on 24 February Milanese stock market crashed, hit by a loss that reminds of the 2008 economic crisis. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-hoe-het-zo-kon-misgaan-in-italie~b03fe654/>

08/03: article about Italian situation mentions early on that medical situation in the south is worse, refers to a 'famous' photo of 2017 where a hospital in Naples had to place patients in the ground. Mentions that the sentimental cut between north and south was given a physical component due to the initial quarantine in the north, 'a reality that no Italian born after the Second World War has ever encountered'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/waarom-italie-zo-draconisch-optreedt-tegen-het-coronavirus~b335bb72/>

09/03: article about Italian situation titled 'the medieval approach works': expert researcher talks about the draconian Italian Corona-measures'. Expert researcher mentions 'that this medieval approach seems to work in China and South Korea'. Article mentions that analysts predict that this will be the fourth recession since 2008 for the region in lockdown. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/de-middeleeuwse-aanpak-werkt-marc-van-ranst-over-de-draconische-italiaanse-corona-maatregelen~bf3c949c/>

09/03: column by sports journalist about media hysteria. Mentions early on that medieval people thought that hysteria, according to Wikipedia, was the womb searching for a child. Mentions that cause for media hysteria is probably not the increasing number of female journalist and their caring reflexes, but the 'toddlerization' of the ever younger redactions. Quote: 'the lack of experience' this was called in the college class Historical Critique: overreacting on something you have not yet experienced'. Continues 'Twenty or so year ago – younger, and first and foremost, a young parent – I visited a physician for a meal, which was also attended by someone from some or other governmental scientific panel'. States that this person warned for the radical H5N1 virus and urged the attendees to buy a certain medicine. Nobody noticed anything about this flu and the medicine was thrown out unused two years later'. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/handjes-schudden-was-verboden-maar-bij-corners-werden-druppels-groot-en-klein-uitgewisseld~bf303383/>

09/03: article about impact on travel sector: mentions that in 2004 after SARS travel agencies offered spectacular offers on travel, especially to Asia. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/ook-toerismesector-is-besmet-met-covid-19~b1c6074f/>

09/03: interview with stock market expert: opens by saying that people in January thought that this would be something like SARS in 2003. Then people were initially also worried, but things turned out fine after all, which led people to believe that they had been overconcerned. This example reassured people initially in this case. But now things turn out to be worse, panic hit. Notes that 9/03 actually should have been a joyous day, because on 09/03/2009 the stock markets started to climb again after the bank crisis. This should have been the eleventh birthday of this climb. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/financieel-expert-paul-d-hoore-vrees-voor-recessie-is-terecht~b29f32e4/>

09/03: about drop in oil prices: opens with largest drop in price since Gulf War in 1991. International Energy Agency is quoted as 'the situation today we have not experienced in history'. Banker mentions that situation might be similar as after SARS in 2002: when the rate of new infections dropped, stock markets quickly recovered. Diesel price lowest in 2 years. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/na-de-coronavrees-de-oliecrisis-waarom-de-recessie-nabij-is~b3420759/>

11/03: about situation in Italy: mentions early on that medical situation in the south is worse, refers to a 'famous' photo of 2017 where a hospital in Naples had to place patients in the ground. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/in-het-sant-anna-ziekenhuis-in-zuid-italie-blijven-de-patienten-weg-voorlopig-toch~b06760e0/>

11/03: about increasing pressure in Belgian politics: mentions that also during the terror attacks pressure was mainly exerted by Francophone politicians. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/van-advies-tot-rampenplan-ook-in-de-wetstraat-is-het-coronavirus-losgebarsten~bf52607a/>

12/03: about success of Hong Kong: mentions that Hong Kong takes the virus this serious because they remember the impact of SARS, which killed 299 people in the city and kept it paralyzed by fear for months. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/hoe-je-het-coronavirus-kunt-indammen-kijk-naar-hongkong~b8cf1979/>

12/03: op-ed about hygienic strategies: mentions that self-service is not the best idea, a reason 'to think with homesickness (*nostalgia was intended) about the gas station pump servant'. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/misschien-moeten-we-er-wel-een-gewoonte-van-maken-om-elkaar-te-kussen-als-begroeting~b4392bab/>

12/03: about impact on tourism: tourism expert researcher quoted who studied impact of SARS and mad cow disease, tourists seem to quickly forget such disasters. Financial crisis of 2008 showed to be beneficial for 'vacation in own country' organizations. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/coronavirus-en-uw-reisplannen-dit-moet-u-weten-b5eec809/>

12/03: article about stock markets: intro mentions that we can already speak of the worst Belgian stock market day ever. Article quotes Bloomberg Magazine quoting Christine Lagarde that we will see a scenario that reminds many amongst us of the 2008 big financial crisis. Nikkei hit lowest level since April 2017. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/recordklap-voor-bel20-europese-beurzen-zakken-weg-na-coronamaatregelen-ecb-b8482759/>

12/03: about failure of ECB measures: shortly after intro notes 'the ECB has in any case missed its appointment with history'. Lagarde is quoted that this is different from the 2008 financial crisis, because it is a supply shock followed by a demand shock, including financial unclarity'. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/corona-maakt-economische-crisis-onafwendbaar-ecb-kan-markten-niet-overtuigen-b191be4c/>

13/03: article about new strict measures mentions near end that BEL 20 suffered worst blow in its history. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/het-land-valt-stil-drastische-maatregelen-in-strijd-tegen-corona-b401e808/>

13/03: interview with hospital physician. States not to comprehend that in 2009, when the Mexican Flu seemed to turn into a pandemic, each hospital was provided with emergency planning. Now they have seen nothing. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/20-a-25-mensen-in-het-ziekenhuis-als-die-cijfers-kloppen-is-er-nog-tijd-b5b15f93/>

13/03: about flattening the curve-graph: early on mentioned that it was introduced to students of Harvard teacher Drew Harris many years ago. Ends with the hopeful mention that research into the 1918 Spanish Flu showed that cities that had started earlier taking measures to limit contaminations, eventually had to mourn fewer victims. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/deze-grafieken-laten-zien-waarom-het-coronavirus-ons-zorgen-moet-baren-b413df68/>

13/03: article in series whereby two experts or public figures provide a contrary opinion: one expert mentions that it reminded him of Christopher Clarke's sleepwalkers. Also mentions how network theorists had warned for a similar effect during the 2008 financial crisis: specialists know the risks within their domain, but underestimate the systemic danger. 'it is tragic and comparable to the dynamic preceding the financial crisis'. Politician has other opinion 'I refuse to give in to panic. We need to learn to live with nature again. In the book 1349 – how the Black Death changed Flanders and Europe of Joren Vermeersch' it is clearly shown how the plague moved from southern Europe to the north. Two to three months it created death and sorrow in our region. That's it'. Politician adds: 'and by the time there was a vaccine for the Spanish Flu that raged shortly after the First World War, the virus was already gone. Following the Mexican Flu millions of vaccines needed to be destroyed. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/waren-de-forse-maatregelen-tegen-het-coronavirus-noodzakelijk-of-niet-vrouwen-kunnen-nog-steeds-een-kus-krijgen-van-mij-b8cc5abf/>

13/03: about announcement Trump: mentions at the end that S&P 500 responded positively, with the largest day growth since 2008. <https://www.demorgen.be/nieuws/trump-roept-noodtoestand-uit-50-miljard-dollar-voor-bestrijding-coronavirus-b1261ae6/>

13/03: op-ed by Dutch politician and professor: mentions at the beginning that the virus has the potential to create more victims than the Spanish Flu after the first world war. Mentions a bit further that there is a long history of animal disease outbreaks, which are nearly all connected to cattle keeping, hunting, or trade in wild animals. Think of Mad Cow disease, the avian flu H5N1, MERS, the African and Mexican swine flu, Q-fever and SARS. States that the globalized meat industry has created these risks: in 2003 it was SARS, in 2010 COVID-19. <https://www.demorgen.be/meningen/het-coronavirus-luidt-het-einde-van-de-globalisering-in-bb89a3a7/>